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ABSTRACT

An outline and worksheets are provided for developing school design specifications that will meet the educational needs of students. The outline lists and briefly describes the key elements required of an educational specifications report, including a brief description of the community, the curriculum and support plans, building space requirements, a technology plan, and design criteria and general architectural considerations. Step-by-step outlines are presented to assist in the development of a comprehensive educational facilities plan and school construction project. (GR)

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TRANSLATING EDUCATIONAL NEEDS INTO SCHOOL FACILITIES

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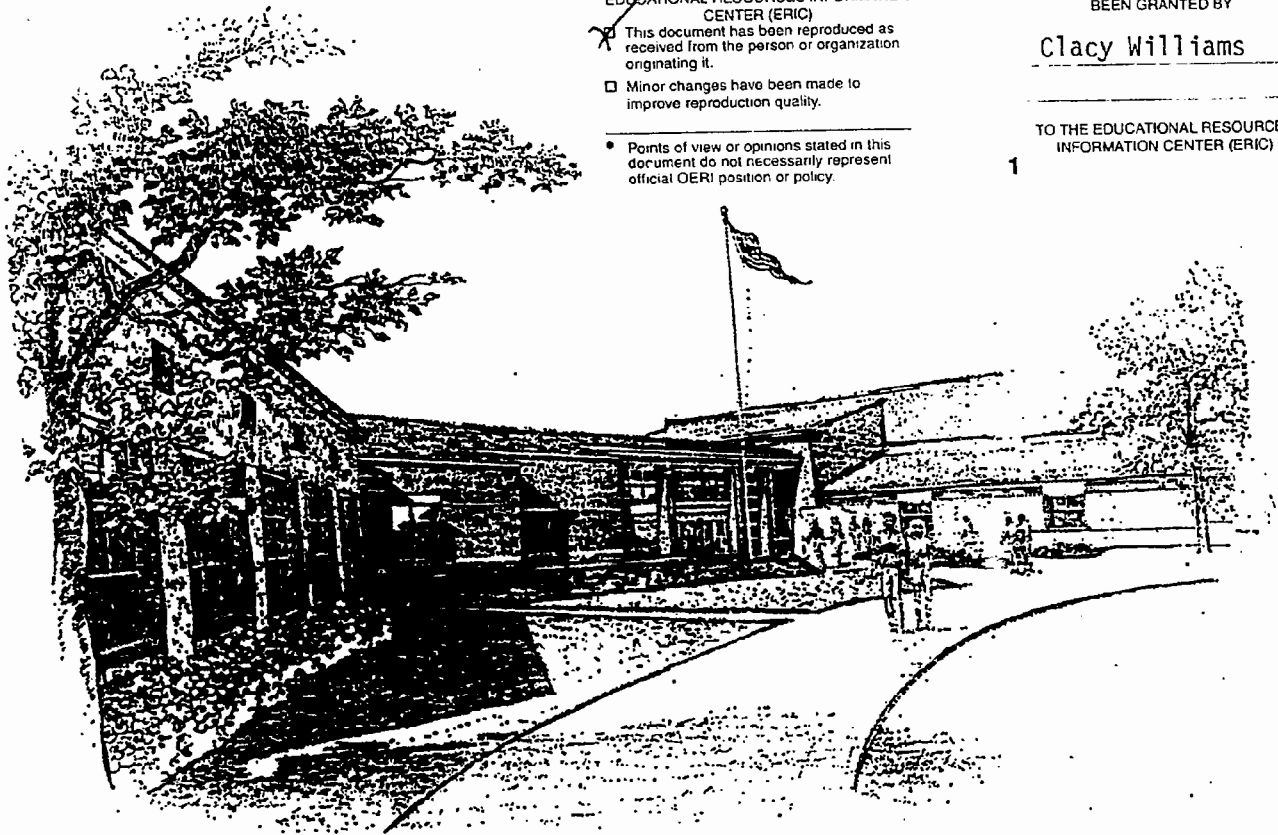
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SCHOOL BUILDING AUTHORITY OF WEST VIRGINIA

GASTON CAPERTON, GOVERNOR

Presentation by
Clacy Williams, Executive Director
David Sneed, Chief of Architectural Services

SCHOOL BUILDING AUTHORITY OF WEST VIRGINIA
TRANSLATING EDUCATIONAL NEEDS INTO SCHOOL FACILITIES
THROUGH EDUCATIONAL SPECIFICATIONS

By constructing educational specifications, the learning activities, the number, groupings and nature of the people involved, the spatial relationships between sections of the facility, the interrelationships of instructional programs with each other as well as noninstructional spaces and the major furniture/equipment needs for the new facility can be defined and more easily understood. Each Ed.Spec.Committee consists of representatives from education, individuals from the community and architectural personnel selected by the board of education.

When specifications are agreed upon and committed to a written document, the architect is provided the greatest opportunity to design a school that more nearly meets the needs of the educational program and facilitates the activities that will be occurring in the spaces. To that end, and to more readily value the scope of the project, it is essential that an educational specifications document accompany the schematic drawings submitted to the SBA for review prior to approval by the local board of education.*

To be consistent and assist in understanding the issues to be included in the educational specifications, the following outline is provided but should not be considered all inclusive should other issues be of concern to you and your planning committees.

I. Introduction

A short synopsis describing the configuration of the educational structure, the projected number of students, site location, availability of site utilities, existing availability of ancillary facilities and spaces (ie. athletic etc.) and proposed statistics for the new construction.

II. The Community

A brief description of the community, its history, specific cultural distinctions and maps showing geographic characteristics, attendance areas (present and proposed) and the site location.

III. The Educational Plan

The educational plan can be subdivided into two general areas:

- A. Curriculum Plan - States the schools philosophy, educational goals and objectives of the program. This should clarify important issues and priorities for consideration in the planning of the new facility.
- B. Support Plan - Provides staffing information including teachers, instructional aides, food service personnel, counselors, custodial staff, and administrative staff including principals, assistant principals, department heads etc.

IV. Building Space Requirements

The utilization of space is extremely important. The SBA requires a minimum 85% utilization of newly constructed schools or schools where building additions are being proposed. In order to assist in developing Section IV, worksheet #1, which compiles data from the calculation of spaces for the new facility, must be completed and incorporated into Section IV.

The final number of allowable classrooms and the square footage for any facility that incorporates SBA funds will be determined by the SBA staff upon consideration of the program needs, building utilization rates, maximization of multi-use spaces in the design and the potential construction of the project within the allocated funds available.

In order to assure appropriate spaces and utilizations for the projected enrollment, room numbers and labels should be assigned to instructional areas on the schematic drawings and a model student schedule developed using Worksheet #2 to locate students and staff within the facility during each of the instructional periods of the day.

The following formula is to be utilized to determine the maximum number of classrooms that may be considered in each curricular area:

FORMULA FOR DETERMINING TEACHING STATIONS PER SUBJECT AREA**

<u>Number of students</u> <u>enrolled in subject</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>Number of periods</u> <u>per week in subject</u>		<u>Number of teaching</u>
				<u>= stations for this</u>
<u>Maximum class size</u> <u>(see reference sheet)</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>Maximum number of periods</u> <u>per week (every period,</u> <u>every day)</u>		<u>subject area</u>

V. Space Allocations

This section describes the instructional areas (general classrooms, PE areas, tech. ed. labs, science areas, consumer and homemaking areas, special education spaces, administrative offices etc.). Middle/Junior and High School departmentalization, specialization of spaces, electives and scheduling are factors to be considered in determining the number of teaching stations. The maximum number of teaching stations may be determined by applying the formula provide in Section IV to each subject area. The following description of each subject area is needed and should include:

- A. Goals - What are the objectives to be accomplished in the area.
- B. Space Required - Submit the calculations from the formula in Section IV to identify the number of spaces needed in this subject area and complete worksheet #1 attached. Teacher planning areas must be provided in building design allowing maximum use of teaching stations.

- C. Planned Activities - Include specific actions to be performed in an area such as paint, read, science experiments, audio visual presentations, telecommunications, robotics lab, multiple use areas, etc.
- D. Number of Users - Determine the number of administrators, teachers, aides and pupils to use the area at any one time.
- E. Group Usages - Identify if the area is to be used for large or small group instruction, individual student work, team teaching, multiple usage, etc.
- F. Spatial Requirements - Identify the spatial relationships of any one space to other areas of the facility whether inside or outside - near to or away from, convenient to media center (as with language arts areas), capability for combining or subdividing areas, the frequency of such adjustments and the square footage needed to do so, etc. Bubble diagrams should be used to show interrelationships of spaces.
- G. Support Facilities - Spaces that allow the area to meet its goals: shared storage areas, teacher preparation areas, student work/storage areas, conference rooms, etc.
- H. Environmental Considerations - Acoustical, Visual, Thermal, Climatic and Aesthetic considerations that enhance the practical usage of the specific space.
- I. Utility Needs - Utilities needed in the specific area including: water, electrical, toilets, 3-phase power, gas, vacuum capability, telephone, technology wiring, etc.
- J. Storage - More specific direction as to the cubic feet of storage needed in the specific area. Generally, this denotes built-in storage areas & closets.
- K. Display Areas - Chalkboards, bulletin boards, display cases (linear feet).
- L. Furniture and Equipment - quantities and types of items to be used in each area.
- M. Technology - Specific needs of each space to accommodate the technological delivery system/network incorporated into the facility.
- N. Other - Identify any other specific information essential to each specific area.

VI. Technology Plan

A technical plan for delivery of media, voice, data, graphics, text and telecommunications throughout the school includes a description of the instructional and administrative objectives, the technical structure needed to facilitate the system, the equipment needed to implement the system and the physical/design requirements for incorporating the system into the construction of the facility. The technology plan will be developed according to the Department of Education's Office of Technology & Information Systems' guidelines and submitted to them and the SBA for approval with design development documents.

VII. Design Criteria and General Architectural Considerations

This section should regard the total school complex but may be specified in distinct areas or regard special concerns. Following are some suggested considerations:

- A. Health and safety
- B. Quality of building systems and components
- C. Economies to be attained - instructional, operational, maintenance
- D. Flexibility and multi-use of spaces
- E. Efficient circulation patterns
- F. Community use considerations
- G. Communication systems - may be incorporated into the Technology Plan
- H. Accessibility
- I. Building security
- J. Student supervision

VIII. Educational Specifications Committee Page

A signature page for members comprising the ed spec committee will be included. Names will be organized by the group each individual represents, ie., Teachers, Administrators, Parents, Community Leaders, Design Professionals, etc.

School Building Authority of West Virginia
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***Architects** - Please be advised that an SBA review will not occur without submittal of educational specifications with schematic drawings instead of design development as previously required.

****Bibliography:**

- A. Conrad, MJ., *A Manual for Determining the Operating Capacity of Secondary Schools*. Bureau of Educational Research and Service, OSU.
- B. Castaldi, Basil, *The Castaldi Nomogram*. The New England School Development Council.
- C. CEFPI, Phoenix, AZ, *A Guide for Planning Educational Facilities*

WORKSHEET #1

SUMMARY OF SPACES FROM CALCULATIONS IN SECTION IV

CURRICULAR AREA	NO. OF CLASSROOMS (According to formula)*	# STUDENTS	SBA USE
SUBTOTAL/TOTAL			

* Classroom numbers from the formula are not to be rounded to the nearest whole number, insert the actual answer from the formula. Example: Language Arts -- 3.4 classrooms

Eedspec/cw/6-95

SBA SUBJECT AREA SPACE ALLOCATION DATA

WORKSHEET #2

Project Name _____ Prepared by _____

Date _____ Design Enrollment _____ Periods Per Day _____

[illegible]

WORKSHEET #3

SCHOOL BUILDING AUTHORITY OF WEST VIRGINIA UTILIZATION WORKSHEET

County: _____ Project: _____ Design Enrollment: _____

PROGRAM UTILIZATION:

Number of Classrooms	X	Maximum Pupils	=	Program Capacity
		70		
		40		
		36		
		35		
		25		
		20		
		15		
		12		
		10		
		8		
		6		
Totals:				

_____ ÷ _____ = _____
Design Enrollment Program Capacity PROGRAM UTILIZATION %

BUILDING UTILIZATION:

_____ X _____ = _____
Total Classrooms Maximum Pupils Building Capacity

_____ ÷ _____ = _____
Design Enrollment Bldg. Capacity BUILDING UTILIZATION %

INSTRUCTIONS FOR SBA UTILIZATION WORKSHEET #3

The utilization worksheet is intended to be used to identify basic program and building utilizations for program offerings in existing or proposed school facilities. The program utilization and building utilization will vary as course offerings are introduced or eliminated. A minimum program utilization of 85% is required for all proposed new facilities being constructed with SBA funding. Higher building program utilization may be required by the SBA where student enrollment projections show expected decline.

Instruction for completion of the utilization worksheet:

- County:** Indicate the name of the county proposing the school project
- Project:** Indicate the name of the project that is proposed
- Design Enrollment:** Indicate the number of students the facility is being designed to house, eighth year projection or as approved by the SBA

Program Utilization:

- Number Classrooms:** Enter the total number of classrooms of like capacity from the formula calculations in section VII of the outline for educational specifications.
- Program Capacity:** Multiply the number of classrooms by the Maximum pupils shown in the middle column on the worksheet and indicate the product of the two in the program capacity column
- Totals:** Sum both the Number of Classrooms column and the Program Capacity column
- Program Utilization:** Calculate by dividing the design enrollment (as approved by the SBA) by the sum of the program capacity - should equal 85% or greater after calculations are completed

Building Utilization:

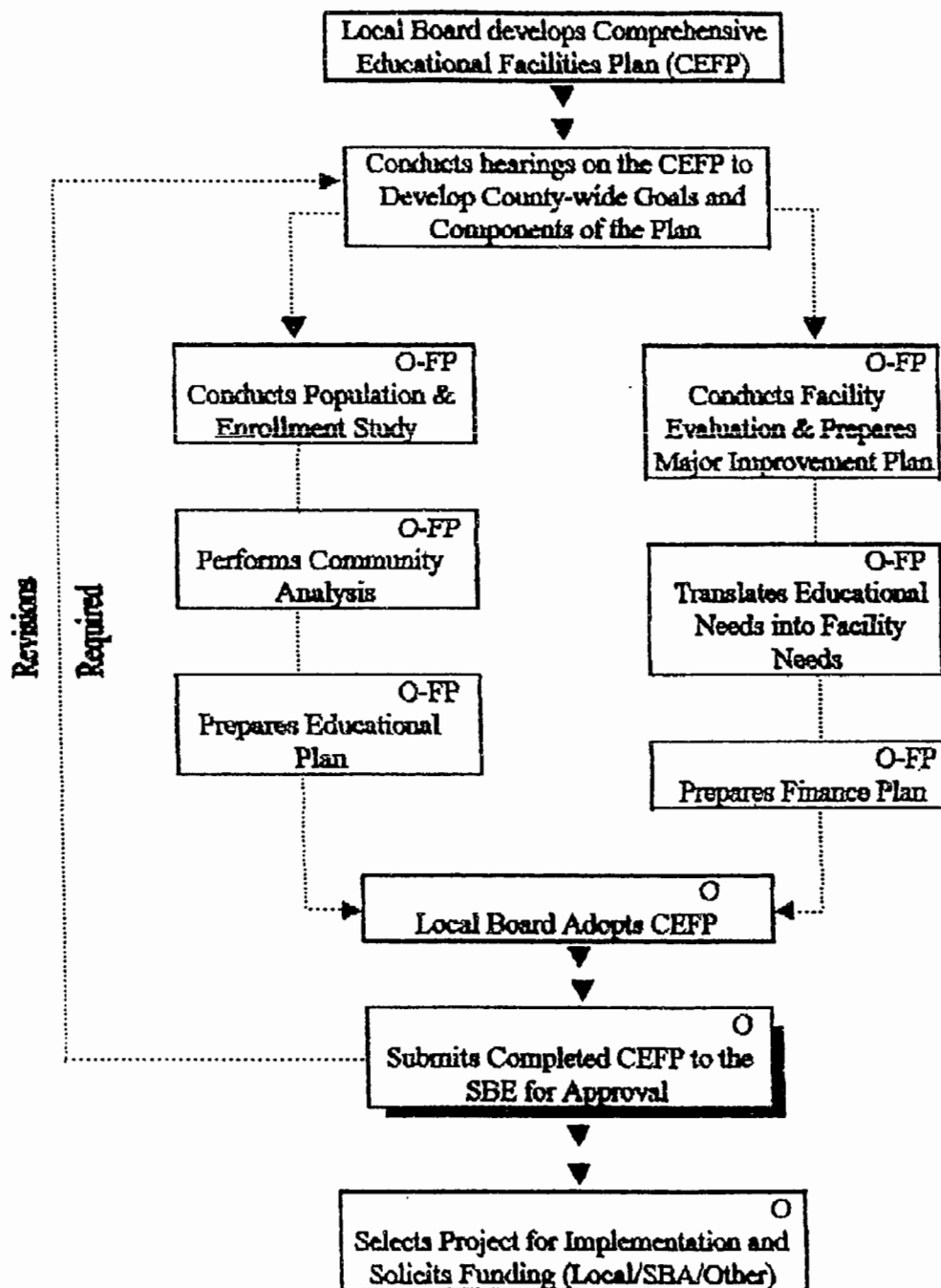
- Total Classrooms:** Indicate the total number of classrooms being provided (equal to the number of classrooms used in the program utilization calculations above)
- Maximum Pupils:** For building utilization purposes, this number will always be 25 pupils
- Building Capacity:** Indicate the product of the total number of classrooms multiplied by the maximum possible pupils per classroom (25)
- Building Utilization:** Insert the design enrollment and divide by the total building capacity number above, Should equal a minimum of 85% or an SBA approved utilization rate before proceeding with the building design

SCHOOL BUILDING AUTHORITY OF WEST VIRGINIA Maximum Class Sizes			
Classroom Type	EL	MS	HS
Kindergarten & Transitional Kindergarten	20		
General Instruction Areas	25	25	25
Corrective or Remedial Education	15	15	15
Art Rooms (Optional/Elem)	25	25	25
Driver Education Facilities			25
Consumer/Homemaking Classroom (Optional)		25	25
Consumer/Homemaking Lab		25	25
Foreign Language Facilities		25	25
Foreign Language Lab (Optional)		25	25
Technology Education		20	
Music Facilities (Optional Elementary)	25	25	40
Ensemble Room (Optional)			12
Physical Education	25	70	70
Science Facilities		25	20
Micro-Computer Lab	25	20	20
Electronic Technology Lab (Optional)		75	
Auditorium (33% of total student body)			
Behavior Disorders	8	8	8
Communication Disorders (Self Contained)	12	12	12
Deaf/Blind (Self Contained)	3	3	3
Mildly Mentally Impaired (Self Contained)	12	12	12
Moderately Mentally Impaired (Self Contained)	12	12	12
Orthopedically Impaired (Self Contained)	10	10	10
Severely/Profoundly Mentally Impaired (Self Contained)	9	9	9
Hearing Impaired Education (Self Contained)10	10	10	10
Visually Impaired Education (Self Contained)	10	10	10
Specific Learning Disabilities (Self Contained)	12	12	12

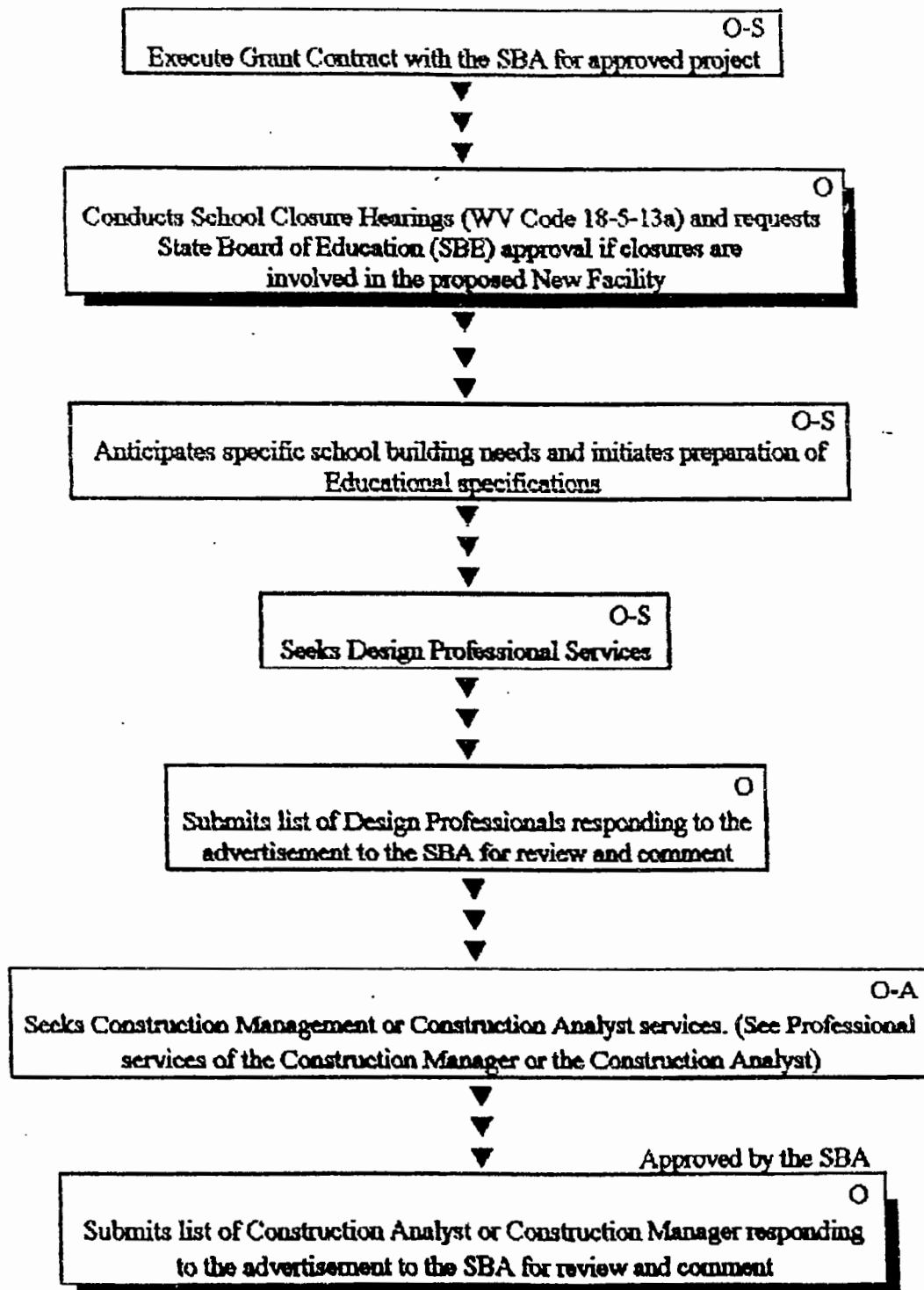
SCHOOL BUILDING AUTHORITY OF WEST VIRGINIA Maximum Class Sizes			
Classroom Type	EL	MS	HS
Pre-School Handicapped (Self Contained)	10		
Gifted Education (Self Contained)	15	15	15
Resource Services (Regular Program Support)	15	15	15
Agricultural Education			20
Agricultural Mechanics Lab			20
Marketing Education			25
Diversified Cooperative Training			25
Vocational Health Occupations			25
Health Occupations Lab			25
Consumer and Homemaking (Occupational)			25
Food Management, Production & Services (Occ)			20
Care & Guidance of Children			20
Fashion Management			20
Institutional & Home Management (Occ)			20
Vocational-Industrial and Technical Classrooms			20
Industrial and Technical Lab			20
Business Education Classroom			20
Computer/Keyboarding Lab			30
Office Technology			20
Tech Ed. Production Lab			20
Tech Ed. Systems Lab			20

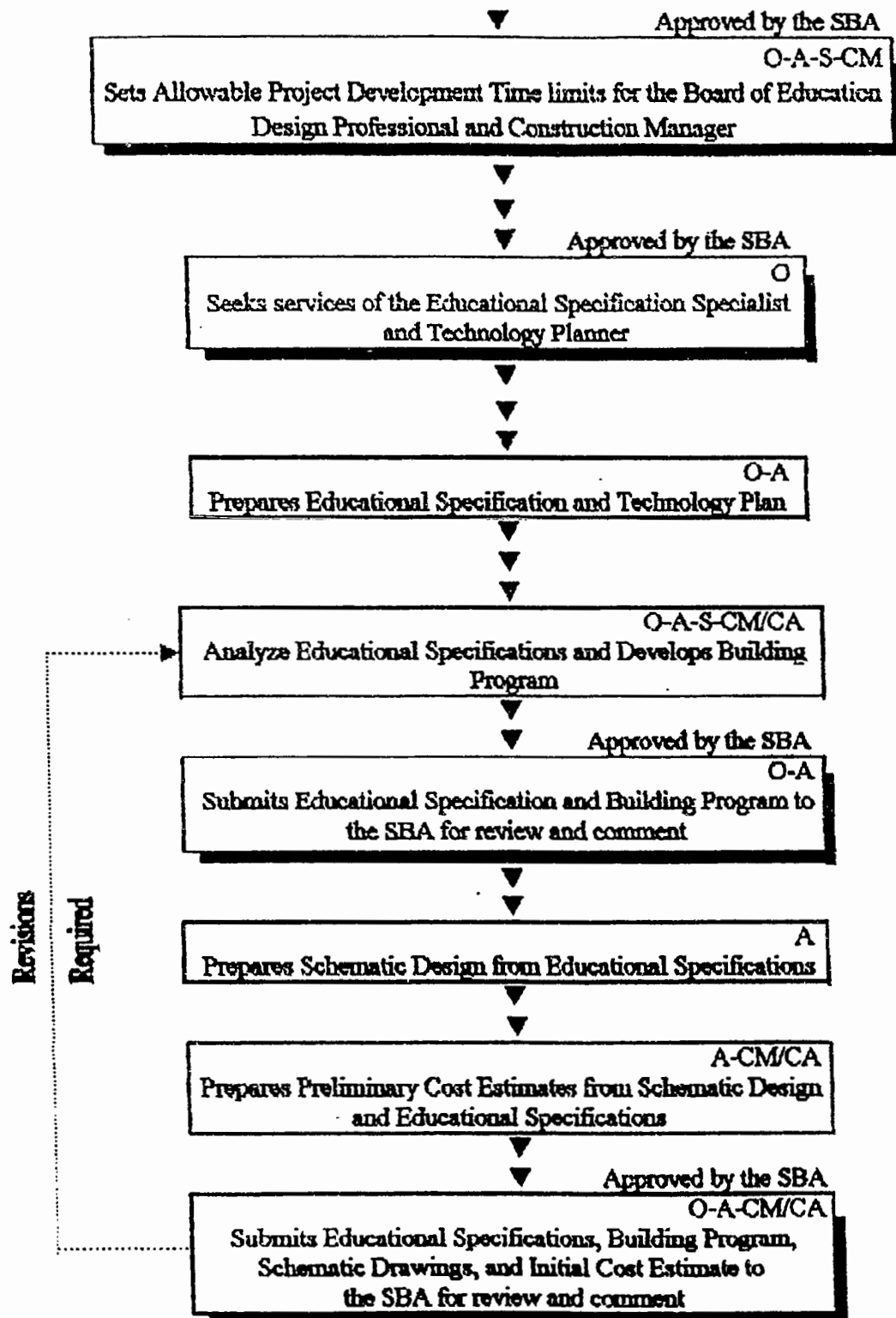
Classsize/cw/ 6..

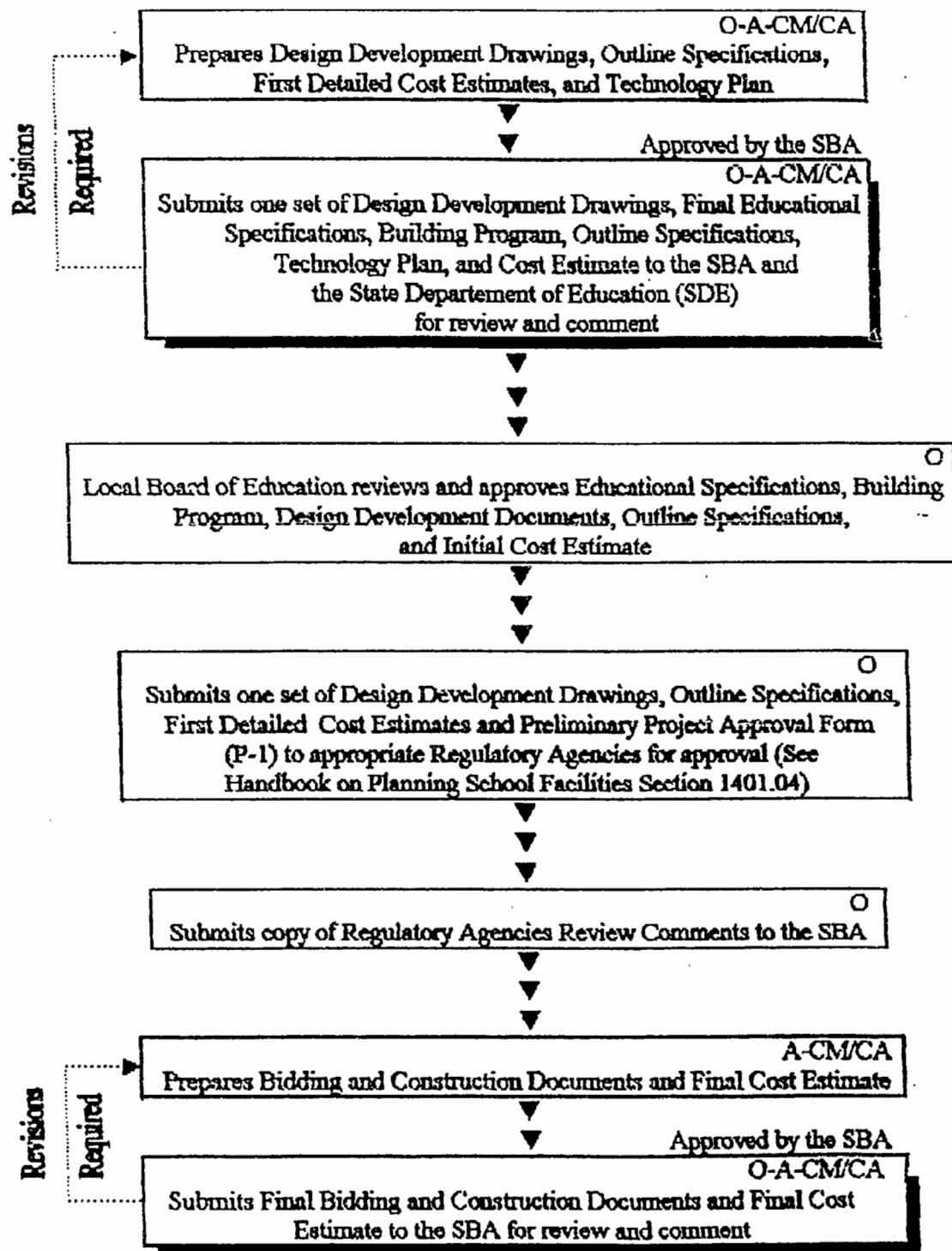
COMPREHENSIVE EDUCATIONAL FACILITIES PLAN DEVELOPMENT

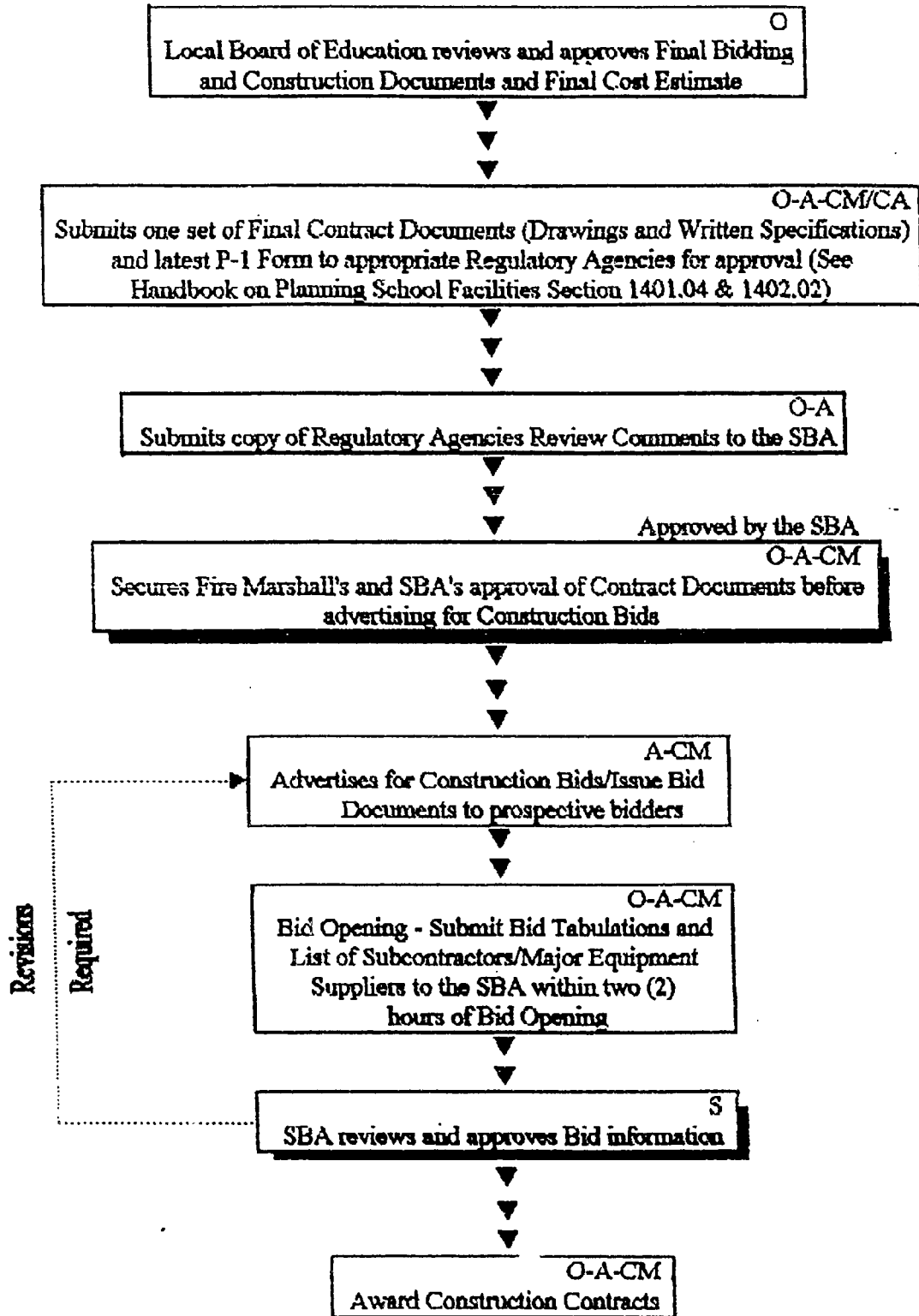


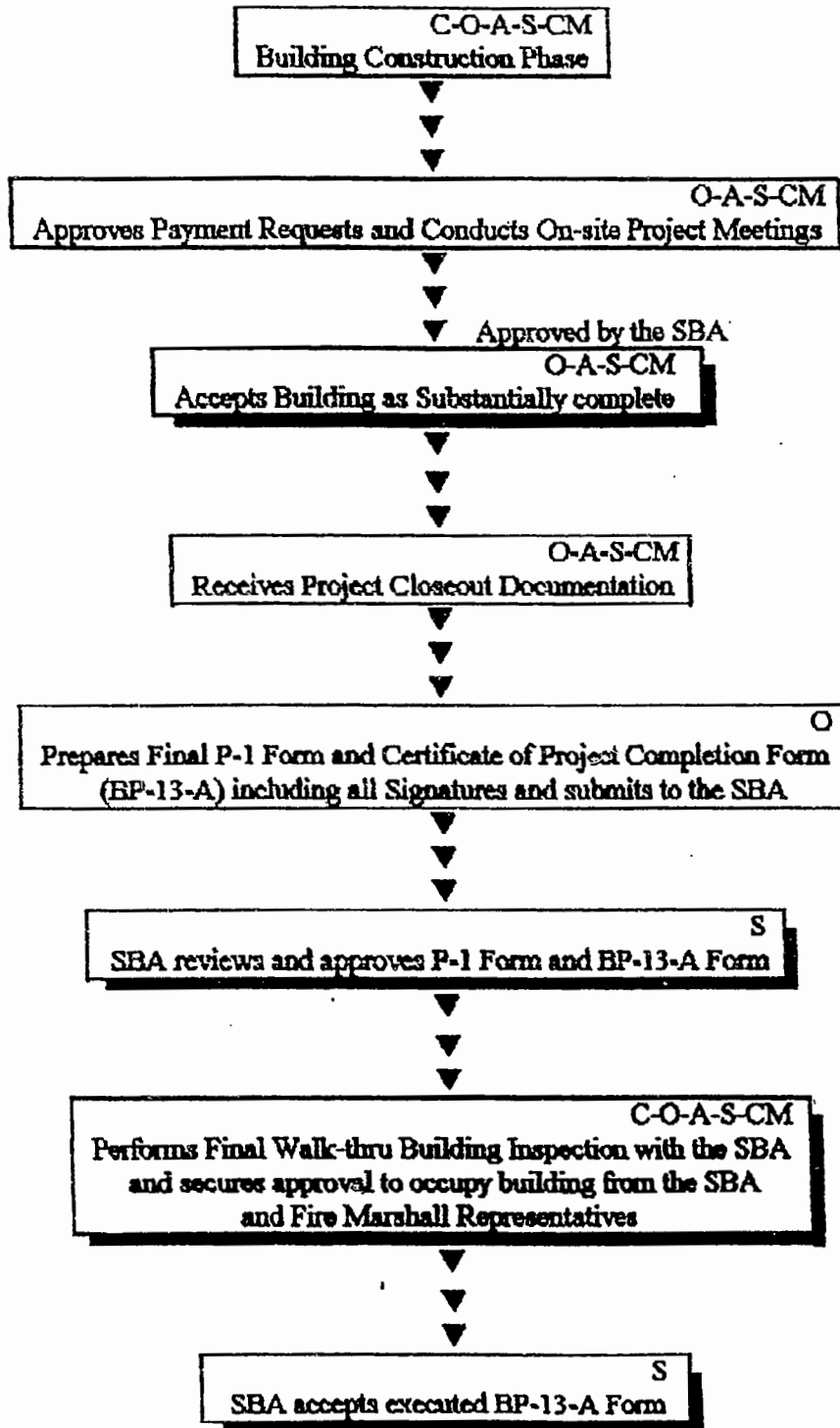
SCHOOL CONSTRUCTION PROJECT DEVELOPMENT

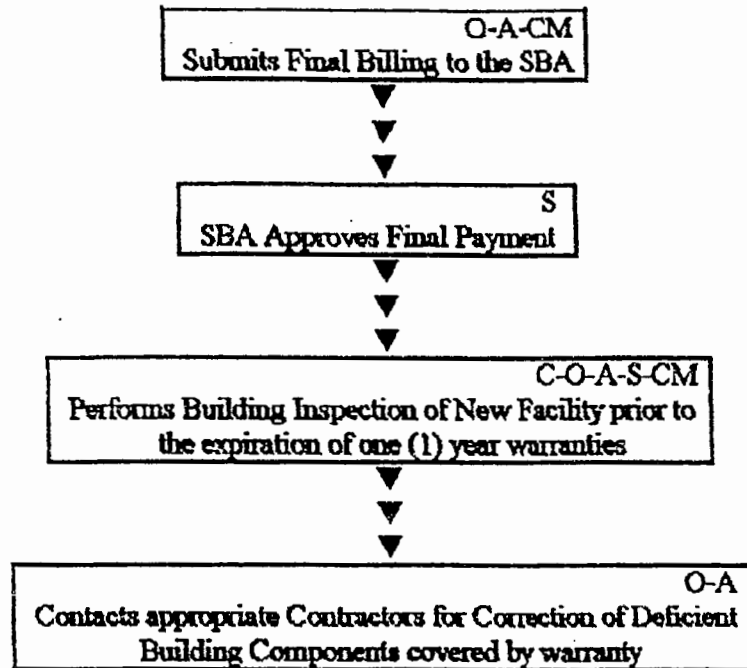












**EXPLANATION OF ABBREVIATIONS THAT INDICATES
WHO WILL PERFORM TASK:**

A = Architect

C = Contractor

CA = Construction Analyst (When applicable)

CM = Construction Manager (When applicable)

FP = Facilities Planner

O = Owner

S = School Building Authority

SBE = State Board of Education

SDE = State Department of Education